

EXCEL TECHNOLOGY INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(志鴻科技國際控股有限公司)*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 8048)

RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROWTH ENTERPRISE MARKET ("GEM") OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE "STOCK EXCHANGE")

GEM has been established as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a high investment risk may be attached. In particular, companies may list on GEM with neither a track record of profitability nor any obligation to forecast future profitability. Furthermore, there may be risks arising out of the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM and the business sectors or countries in which the companies operate. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

The principal means of information dissemination on GEM is publication on the internet website operated by the Stock Exchange. Listed companies are not generally required to issue paid announcements in gazetted newspapers. Accordingly, prospective investors should note that they need to have access to the GEM website in order to obtain up-to-date information on GEM-listed issuers.

The Stock Exchange takes no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.

This announcement, for which the directors (the "Directors") of Excel Technology International Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Growth Enterprise Market of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:- (1) the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading; (2) there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement in this announcement misleading; and (3) all opinions expressed in this announcement have been arrived at after due and careful consideration and are founded on bases and assumptions that are fair and reasonable.

^{*} For identification purpose only

HIGHLIGHTS

- For the year ended 31 December 2005, the Group recorded total turnover of HK\$224,242,000, representing a satisfactory increase of 38% when compared with year 2004.
- Revenue from sales of enterprise software products increased by 34% to HK\$68,166,000 (2004: HK\$50,748,000).
- Revenue from systems integration rose by 29% to HK\$121,922,000 (2004: HK\$94,824,000).
- Revenue from professional services surged more than double to HK\$29,044,000, with 133% increase compared with HK\$12,450,000 in 2004.
- Loss attributable to equity holders of the parent for the year ended 31 December 2005 was HK\$16,566,000, an improvement of 21% over the previous year.
- Loss per share is 1.68 cents for the year ended 31 December 2005.

RESULTS

The Directors of the Company present herewith the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2005, together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period in 2004, as follows:

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Notes	2005 HK\$'000	2004 <i>HK</i> \$'000 (Restated)
Turnover Other net operating income Change in inventories of hardware and software Purchase of hardware and software Professional fee Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Other expenses Impairment loss recognised in respect of goodwill Reversal of impairment of property, plant and equipment	3 4	224,242 688 (6,757) (108,521) (15,463) (82,038) (82,038) (19,690) (4,162) 816	162,888 2,333 421 (90,427) (6,274) (66,999) (8,746) (20,041)
Provision for obsolete inventories Loss from operations Finance costs	6	$ \begin{array}{r} $	(26,845) (382)
Share of results of associates Loss before taxation Taxation	<i>5 7</i>	4,517 (15,567) (139)	4,290 (22,937) (113)
Loss for the year Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent Minority interests		(15,706) (16,566) 860	(23,050) (20,962) (2,088)
Loss per share – Basic	8	(15,706) (1.68 cents)	(23,050) (2.13 cents)

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

AT 31 DECEMBER 2005

None	AT 31 DECEMBER 2005			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment 13,687 13,999 Interests in associates 36,365 31,844 Goodwill 1,140 5,300 Development costs 3,367 8,12 Available-for-sale financial assets 7,229 8,744 Current assets		Notes	2005 HK\$'000	2004 <i>HK</i> \$'000 (Restated)
Property, plant and equipment 13,687 13,999 Interests in associates 36,365 31,845 Goodwill 1,140 5,300 Development costs 3,367 8,12 Available-for-sale financial assets 7,229 8,744 Current assets	Non-current assets			
Interests in associates 36,365 31,845 Goodwill 1,140 5,305 Development costs 3,367 8,12 Available-for-sale financial assets 7,229 8,744 Current assets			13.687	13,999
Current liabilities Short-term bank loans – secured Trade payables and accrued charges Short-term bank loans – secured Trade payables and accrued charges Deferred income States States	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			31,848
Available-for-sale financial assets 7,229 8,74 61,788 68,014 Current assets Inventories, at cost 279 7,036 Unbilled revenue 7,956 5,236 Trade receivables 11 29,019 20,04: Other receivables, deposits and prepayments 9,244 6,422 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - 1,67; Amount due from an associate - 10 Pledged bank deposits 10,484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,196 Current liabilities Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,356 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,366 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,096 Deferred income 13,214 14,086 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net current assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves	Goodwill		· ·	5,302
Current assets	Development costs		3,367	8,121
Current assets Inventories, at cost Unbilled revenue 7,956 5,230 Trade receivables Other receivables, deposits and prepayments Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Amount due from an associate Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash 10,484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 11,446 20,196 Current liabilities Short-term bank loans – secured Trade payables Other payables and accrued charges Deferred income 12,170 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves	Available-for-sale financial assets		7,229	8,744
Inventories, at cost			61,788	68,014
Unbilled revenue 7,956 5,230 Trade receivables 11 29,019 20,042 Other receivables, deposits and prepayments 9,244 6,429 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - 1,677 Amount due from an associate - 10,484 11,622 Pledged bank deposits 10,484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,196 Current liabilities 71,446 72,336 Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,355 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,366 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,096 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves 87,233 104,456	Current assets			
Trade receivables 11 29,019 20,044 Other receivables, deposits and prepayments 9,244 6,429 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - 1,677 Amount due from an associate - 10,77 Pledged bank deposits 10,484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,196 Current liabilities 71,146 72,336 Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,355 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,366 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,096 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves				7,036
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments 9,244 6,429 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - 1,679 Amount due from an associate - 100 Pledged bank deposits 10,484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,190 Current liabilities 71,746 72,330 Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,350 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,360 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,090 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,430 Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves 87,233 104,450			· ·	5,230
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Amount due from an associate Pledged bank deposits Bank balances and cash Current liabilities Short-term bank loans – secured Trade payables Other payables and accrued charges Deferred income Net current assets Net assets Capital and reserves - 107 10,484 11,622 - 10,784 11,464 20,196 71,446 72,336 71,70 5,356 7170 5,356 7189 6,096 10,789 6,096 13,214 14,084 46,001 35,894 Net current assets R7,233 104,456 Capital and reserves		11	· ·	20,042
Amount due from an associate - 10.484 11,622 Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,196 Current liabilities 71,446 72,336 Current liabilities 7,170 5,353 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,362 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,096 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves			9,244	6,429
Pledged bank deposits			_	1,672
Bank balances and cash 14,464 20,196 71,446 72,336 Current liabilities 7,170 5,356 Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,356 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,366 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,096 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves			-	103
Current liabilities Short-term bank loans – secured Trade payables Other payables and accrued charges Deferred income Net current assets Teade payables 12 14,828 10,362 10,789 6,090 13,214 14,084 14,084 15,445 Capital and reserves	-		,	
Current liabilities 7,170 5,353 Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,353 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,362 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,090 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,430 Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves	Bank balances and cash		14,464	20,196
Short-term bank loans – secured 7,170 5,353 Trade payables 12 14,828 10,362 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,090 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,430 Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves			71,446	72,330
Trade payables 12 14,828 10,362 Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,090 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves				
Other payables and accrued charges 10,789 6,090 Deferred income 13,214 14,084 Net current assets 25,445 36,430 Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves				5,358
Deferred income 13,214 14,084 46,001 35,894 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves	- ·	12	· ·	
46,001 35,894 Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves			,	
Net current assets 25,445 36,436 Net assets 87,233 104,456 Capital and reserves 40,456 40,456	Deferred income		13,214	14,084
Net assets 87,233 104,450 Capital and reserves			46,001	35,894
Capital and reserves	Net current assets		25,445	36,436
•	Net assets		87,233	104,450
•	Capital and reserves			
> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-		98,505	98.505
			· ·	3,309
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent 83,733 101,814	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		83,733	101,814
	1 • 1		· ·	2,636
Total equity 87,233 104,450	Total equity		87,233	104,450

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

Attributable to equity holders of the parent

			T4				
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Accumulated losses HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total equity HK\$'000
At 1 January 2004	98,505	179,650	-	(155,379)	122,776	4,724	127,500
Loss for the year				(20,962)	(20,962)	(2,088)	(23,050)
At 31 December 2004	98,505	179,650		(176,341)	101,814	2,636	104,450
At 1 January 2005 Opening balance adjustment arising from the adoption of	98,505	179,650	-	(176,341)	101,814	2,636	104,450
HKAS 39			(1,305)		(1,305)		(1,305)
As restated	98,505	179,650	(1,305)	(176,341)	100,509	2,636	103,145
Net loss directly recognised in equity Changes in fair value of available-for-sale							
financial assets	_	-	(210)	_	(210)	-	(210)
Capital contributed by a minority shareholder						,	4
of a subsidiary (Loss) Profit for the year	_	_	_	(16,566)	(16,566)	4 860	(15.706)
(Loss) From for the year				(10,300)	(10,300)		(15,706)
At 31 December 2005	98,505	179,650	(1,515)	(192,907)	83,733	3,500	87,233

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION:

1. Basis of preparation

The financial information included herein is derived from financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") (collectively referred to as "HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Growth Enterprise Market operated by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost, except for certain available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December each year.

All inter-company transactions and balances within the Group have been eliminated on consolidation.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2005 are consistent with those used for the year ended 31 December 2004 except as described in note 2 below.

2. Changes in accounting policies

In this year, the Group adopted the following new/revised HKFRS issued by the HKICPA, which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005. The comparatives have been amended in accordance with the relevant requirements. Major effects on the changes in accounting policies are summarised below:

HKAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements"

HKAS 1 has affected the presentation of minority interests, share of net post-tax results of associates and other related disclosures. Comparative figures have been restated accordingly.

HKAS 17 "Leases"

In prior year, leasehold land and buildings held for own use were stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Under HKAS 17, when the lease payment cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease payment is accounted for as a finance lease.

Since the lease payment of the Group cannot be allocated reliably between the land and building elements, the entire lease continues to be accounted for as finance lease in property, plant and equipment. The change in accounting policy has had no effect on the Group.

HKAS 24 "Related party disclosures"

HKAS 24 has affected the identification of related parties and some other related-party disclosures.

HKAS 32 "Financial instruments: Disclosure and presentation" and HKAS 39 "Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement"

The adoption of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39 has resulted in a change in accounting policy for recognition, measurement, derecognition and disclosure of financial instruments. Until 31 December 2004, the Group classified investments into investment securities and other investments. Investment securities were stated at cost less provision for impairment losses that is expected to be other than temporary. Other investments were stated at their fair value. Changes in fair value were recognised in income statement as they arise.

In accordance with the provisions of HKAS 39, financial assets are classified into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial assets, loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments.

Upon the adoption of HKAS 32 and HKAS 39, the Group's investment securities and other investments were redesignated as available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss respectively. They have been re-measured in accordance with HKAS 39 as appropriate. There are no adjustments arising from the adoption of HKAS 39 for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss but the adjustment related to the available-for-sale financial assets is recognised as an opening balance adjustment on the investment revaluation reserve at the beginning of the year as required by the transitional provisions of HKAS 39.

FRS 2 "Share-based payment"

The adoption of FRS 2 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy for employee share options. Prior to the application of FRS 2, the Group did not recognise the financial effect of those share options until they were exercised. Following the adoption of FRS 2, the fair value of share options determined at the grant date is recognised as expenses over the relevant vesting periods to the income statement. The Group has taken advantage of the transitional provisions of FRS 2 in respect of equity-settled share-based payments since all the share options of the Group were granted before 7 November 2002. As a result, there are no adjustments required for the share options of the Group.

FRS 3 "Business combination" and HKAS 36 "Impairment of assets"

The adoption of FRS 3 and HKAS 36 results in a change in the accounting policy for business combinations on a prospective basis. The Group ceased amortisation of goodwill from 1 January 2005 and the accumulated amortisation of goodwill as at 1 January 2005 has been eliminated against the cost of goodwill at that date in accordance with the transitional provisions of FRS 3. Following the adoption of FRS 3 and HKAS 36, goodwill is no longer amortised but is tested for impairment annually.

3. Turnover

<i>J</i> .	Turnover	2005	2004
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	An analysis of the Group's turnover is as follows:		
	Enterprise software products	68,166	50,748
	Systems integration	121,922	94,824
	Professional services	29,044	12,450
	ASP services	5,110	4,866
		224,242	162,888
4.	Other net operating income		
		2005	2004
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Dividend income from listed securities	24	34
	Income from government grants	_	470
	Interest income	449	191
	Management fee and service income	50	120
	Realised gain on available-for-sale financial assets	_	418
	Net (loss) gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(210)	66
	Others	375	1,034
		688	2,333

5. Loss before taxation

6.

	2005 HK\$'000	2004 <i>HK</i> \$'000 (Restated)
Loss before taxation has been arrived at after charging:		
Directors' remuneration, excluding benefit-in-kind	4,879	4,882
Other staff costs Contributions to defined contribution plan	73,761	64,225 2,942
Total staff costs	82,038	72,049
Less: Staff costs capitalised in development costs		(5,050)
	82,038	66,999
Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant and equipment	3,584	4,461
Amortisation of development costs Amortisation of goodwill	4,754	3,189 1,096
Total depreciation and amortisation	8,338	8,746
Share of associates' taxation	95	437
Cost of inventories sold	115,278	90,006
Cost of services rendered Auditors' remuneration	75,842 651	52,216 793
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	45	-
Minimum lease payments in respect of land and buildings	4,603	4,391
Research and development expenditure (including staff costs		
of HK\$Nil; 2004: HK\$16,894,000) Less: Amount capitalised in development costs		17,797 (5,050)
		12,747
Finance costs		
	2005 HK\$'000	2004 HK\$'000
		11114 000
Interest on borrowings wholly repayable within five years: Bank loans	316	304
Other borrowings		78
	316	382

7. Taxation

The tax charge for the years ended 31 December 2005 and 2004 represents taxation in other jurisdictions, which is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the Company and its subsidiaries either incurred tax losses during both years or their estimated assessable profits for the years are wholly absorbed by unrelieved tax losses brought forward from previous years.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before taxation as follows:

	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		(Restated)
Loss before taxation	(15,567)	(22,937)
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 17.5% (2004: 17.5%)	(2,724)	(4,014)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purposes	(146)	(200)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes	2,281	2,279
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses not recognised/utilisation of		
unrecognised tax losses	1,798	2,964
Tax effect of share of results of associates	(790)	(751)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	(280)	(165)
Tax charge for the year	139	113

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities (assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods:

	THE GROUP						
	Accelerated						
	tax	Development	Tax				
	depreciation	costs	losses	Total			
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
At 1 January 2004	(141)	194	(53)	_			
Income statement (credit) charge for the year	(60)	690	(630)				
At 31 December 2004	(201)	884	(683)				
At 1 January 2005	(201)	884	(683)	_			
Income statement (credit) charge for the year	238	(295)	57				
At 31 December 2005	37	589	(626)				

For the purpose of balance sheet presentation, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in accordance with the HKAS 12 "Income taxes" issued by the HKICPA.

At 31 December 2005, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$145,993,000 (2004 (restated): HK\$137,967,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$3,577,000 (2004: HK\$3,903,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining losses of approximately HK\$142,416,000 (2004 (restated): HK\$134,064,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Two subsidiaries of the Company were deregistered during the year and their tax losses brought forward totalling HK\$1,924,000 was forfeited. The unrecognised tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely except losses of approximately HK\$18,073,000 (2004: HK\$13,747,000) which will expire as follows:

	THE	GROUP
	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Year of expiry		
2006	1,089	1,089
2007	4,028	4,582
2008	2,683	3,669
2009	4,407	4,407
2010	5,866	_
	18,073	13,747

8. Loss per share

The calculation of the basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to equity holders of the parent of HK\$16,566,000 (2004: HK\$20,962,000) and the 985,050,000 (2004: 985,050,000) shares in issue during the year.

No diluted loss per share has been presented because all the share options granted as at 31 December 2005 and 2004 were anti-dilutive.

9. Segment information

(a) Geographical segments

Geographical segments based on the location of assets are chosen as the primary segment reporting format because management considers that they are more relevant to the Group in making operating and financial decisions. The Group's business can be subdivided into Hong Kong, other regions in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and other markets.

(i) An analysis of the Group's turnover and results by geographical segments is as follows:

	Hon	g Kong	F	PRC	Oth	ers	Elimi	nation	Consol	idated
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				(Restated)						(Restated)
Turnover	86,190	75,924	145,303	89,587	11,901	4,109	(19,152)	(6,732)	224,242	162,888
Segment results	(16,922)	(11,209)	(5,551)	(14,590)	2,705	(1,046)	_	_	(19,768)	(26,845)
Finance costs	(14)	_	(302)	(381)	_	(1)	_	-	(316)	(382)
Share of results of										
associates			4,517	4,290					4,517	4,290
Loss before										
taxation	(16,936)	(11,209)	(1,336)	(10,681)	2,705	(1,047)	_	-	(15,567)	(22,937)
Taxation			(139)	(113)					(139)	(113)
Loss for										
the year	(16,936)	(11,209)	(1,475)	(10,794)	2,705	(1,047)			(15,706)	(23,050)

(ii) Other information:

	Hong	g Kong	PRC		Others		Elimination		Consolidated	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
Capital additions	433	6,332	2,071	2,470	-	177	-	-	2,504	8,979
Depreciation and										
amortisation	3,428	4,572	4,847	4,092	63	82	-	_	8,338	8,746
Impairment loss										
reversed	(816)	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	(816)	-
Impairment loss										
recognised	4,162	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,162	-
Revenue from										
external customers										
by the location of										
customers	73,971	69,784	154,105	94,046	15,318	5,790	(19,152)	(6,732)	224,242	162,888

Inter-segment sales are charged at similar terms as outsiders.

(iii) An analysis of the Group's balance sheet by geographical segments is as follows:

	Hong	g Kong	PRC		Others		Elimination		Consolidated	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000						
Assets										
Segment assets	113,907	132,106	39,769	33,814	6,119	4,676	(62,926)	(62,100)	96,869	108,496
Interests in associat	es –	-	36,365	31,848	-	-	-	-	36,365	31,848
Consolidated total										
assets	113,907	132,106	76,134	65,662	6,119	4,676	(62,926)	(62,100)	133,234	140,344
Liabilities										
Segment liabilities	(18,431)	(18,492)	(73,177)	(62,734)	(10,149)	(11,410)	62,926	62,100	(38,831)	(30,536)
Bank loan	(2,000)	-	(5,170)	(5,358)	-	-	-	-	(7,170)	(5,358)
Consolidated total										
liabilities	(20,431)	(18,492)	(78,347)	(68,092)	(10,149)	(11,410)	62,926	62,100	(46,001)	(35,894)

(b) Business segments

The Group is organised into four operating divisions, namely enterprise software products, systems integration, professional services and ASP services.

Principal activities of the operating divisions are as follows:

Enterprise software products	-	sale of enterprise software products and provision of maintenance services
Systems integration	-	provision of systems integration services and resale of complementary hardware and software products
Professional services	_	provision of consultancy services
ASP services	_	provision of services in respect of ASP business

An analysis of the revenue from external customers, the carrying amount of segment assets and capital additions by business segments is as follows:

	Enterprise software products		Systems integration		Professional services		ASP services		Unallocated assets		Total	
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue from external												
customers	68,166	50,748	121,922	94,824	29,044	12,450	5,110	4,866	-	-	224,242	162,888
Segment assets	39,418	35,747	17,115	17,327	41,541	37,061	582	5,454	34,578	44,755	133,234	140,344
Capital additions	2,287	8,011			180	960	37	8			2,504	8,979

10. Dividends

The Directors have resolved not to recommend the payment of any dividends by the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2005.

11. Trade receivables

Trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 3 months overdue are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

The following is an ageing analysis of the trade receivables at the balances sheet date:

The G	The Group		
2005	2004		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
22,197	10,088		
5,085	8,165		
1,737	1,789		
29,019	20,042		
	2005 HK\$'000 22,197 5,085 1,737		

12. Trade payables

The following is an ageing analysis of the trade payables at the balance sheet date:

	The C	The Group	
	2005	2004	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Within 1 month	10,827	6,033	
1 to 2 months	599	1,750	
2 to 3 months	1,517	11	
Over 3 months	1,885	2,568	
	14,828	10,362	

QUALIFIED OPINION ON AUDITORS' REPORT

The Group's auditors, Moores Rowland Mazars ("Moores Rowland"), proposed to issue a qualified opinion arising from limitation of audit scope on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2005. Details of which are set out below.

As at 31 December 2005, the Group's interests in associates included share of net assets of Camelot Information Systems Inc. ("Camelot") of HK\$29,631,000 and the Group's loss for the year was arrived at after share of Camelot's profit of HK\$6,154,000 for the year then ended. These amounts were derived from the audited accounts of Camelot for the year ended 31 December 2005, which have been prepared under the accounting principles generally accepted in the People's Republic of China. Beijing Hengxincheng Certified Accountants Co. Limited is Camelot's auditors for the financial year ended 31 December 2005 and they issued an unqualified report on the accounts of Camelot on 23 March 2006. The Group's auditors, Moores Rowland, have requested Camelot's auditors for further information regarding the audit of Camelot. However, Moores Rowland have yet to receive all such information from Camelot's auditors to enable them to form a conclusion on the adequacy of the work of Camelot's auditors and, hence, whether additional audit procedures are required, and Moores Rowland have not been able to perform alternative procedures that they considered necessary to satisfy themselves as to whether:

- (1) the Group's interests in Camelot as at 31 December 2005 and the Group's share of profit for the year then ended were fairly stated under the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); and
- (2) the financial information of Camelot as disclosed in note to the financial statements was fairly stated under the HKFRS.

In forming their opinion, Moores Rowland have also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements. Moores Rowland believe that their audit provides a reasonable basis for their opinion.

Except for any adjustments that might have been found to be necessary had Moores Rowland been able to obtain sufficient evidence concerning the Group's interest in Camelot and share of Camelot's profit, in their opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's and the Group's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended. In all respects, in their opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2005 and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the year ended 31 December 2005, the Group recorded a satisfactory increase of 38% in turnover of HK\$224,242,000, compared with a turnover of HK\$162,888,000 for 2004.

The overall sales of enterprise software products increased by 34% to HK\$68,166,000 (2004: HK\$50,748,000). The growth from sales of enterprise software products is largely attributed to the contribution from Hong Kong and Southeast Asia.

Systems Integration rose by 29% to HK\$121,922,000 (2004: HK\$94,824,000). This is mainly due to the contribution from Mainland China's transaction in software services.

Revenue on professional services surged more than double to HK\$29,044,000, with 133% increase compared with HK\$12,450,000 in 2004 as a result of the rapid growth of the IT outsourcing business.

The Group's ASP operation is stable with revenue slightly increased to HK\$5,110,000 (2004: HK\$4,866,000).

The Group's loss attributable to equity holders in 2005 was reduced by 21% to HK\$16,566,000 (2004: HK\$20,962,000). The loss from operation of HK\$19,768,000 (2004: HK\$26,845,000) included the impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$4,162,000. The loss before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortisation, impairment, provision for obsolete inventories and share of results of associates (EBITDA Loss) in 2005 was HK\$7,539,000, a 58% reduction from 2004 loss of HK\$18,099,000.

OPERATION REVIEW

In 2005, the Group further stepped up our sales network, product offerings, and development capability. This expansion plan has contributed to both our top line and bottom line with revenue increase of HK\$61,354,000 and loss attributable to equity holders of the parent narrowed by HK\$4,396,000 over 2004. Our expansion is largely directed at the China market, which has marked a large contribution to the Group.

Our China business saw a 62% increase in turnover in 2005, comparing to 2004. The major contributor was the systems integration business, which gave us the business volume as well as valuable access to influential customers. We brought in important clients like China Life Insurance, China Petro Chemical, and Bohai Bank with various products and services. Our enterprise software business also sees steady growth in China, reaping in several major implementations among large Chinese commercial banks and foreign invested banks.

Our China subsidiary did exceptionally well in 2005 and caught the attention of researchers and industry watchers. It received the "2005 Deloitte Technology Fast 50 China" award from the renowned Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu recognizing its fast growth.

The Group added the Dalian and Hangzhou Software Centers, in addition to the Shenzhen Software Center, to boost up our capability and capacity to handle offshore development services. We expect these two offices to bring in outsourcing business opportunities from large companies from Japan and Taiwan, which want to reduce IT costs, or have expansion plans in China.

The Hong Kong operation remains stable with increase of enterprise software sales. Cost continues to be a challenge for Hong Kong management, and with a conscious effort to migrate our development teams to Shenzhen, we want to mitigate the high staff cost in Hong Kong.

Southeast Asia started to make contribution to the Group with several regional deployments of our Wealth Management Suite of products in Singapore and Malaysia. This shows that our regional footprints have helped us to land more business, especially from those multinational banks, which prefer to deal with suppliers and partners on a regional basis. The sales in the region are expected to grow steadily with positive contribution.

To capture the business opportunities in the de-regulating banking industry in Malaysia, we have set up a small office in Kuala Lumpur. Managed by our general manager in Singapore, this Malaysia office will work closely with our Singapore office to bring back regional deals in the coming future as most of our prospects do have presence in both countries.

PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Our enterprise software will continue to be a major revenue generator in our China, Hong Kong and Southeast Asia locations. It will also help us to generate systems integration and professional services business, as many of our customers would prefer to deal with one single integrator instead of multiple suppliers.

The Group completed the localization of REAPS (Reserve and Treasury Processing System) for China and successfully completed its first implementation with a China regional bank. It not only has state-of-the-art risk management engine and straight-through-processing for sophisticated financial instruments, but also processes RMB bonds, making it a unique treasury system for the China financial market. Given that China will continue to open up its banking industry, we believe there exists many opportunities in which we can sell this treasury solution to the new and upcoming banks in China as well as existing regional banks.

The Unit Trust System from our Wealth Management Platform was successfully localized and launched in Singapore and Malaysia with a multinational bank, thus proving another success of our geographic expansion for regional support. The Wealth Management System (also from our Wealth Management Platform) was implemented in China and Malaysia with major statewide banks.

The Group invested heavily in setting up a subsidiary in development outsourcing with software centers in Dalian and Hangzhou to target the Japan and Taiwan market. It is expected that this professional services income will become a major contribution to the Group in the coming years.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2005, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of HK\$14,464,000 (2004: HK\$20,196,000), plus pledged deposit of HK\$10,484,000 (2004: HK\$11,622,000).

The computer hardware inventory level was reduced to HK\$279,000 (2004: HK\$7,036,000)

In prior years, the Group had fully paid up its capital commitment of US\$1,000,000 to a private equity investment fund. As at 31 December 2005, the investment was stated at fair value. There is no more outstanding capital commitment from the Group.

As of 31 December 2005, the gearing ratio of the Group was 8.6% (2004: 5.3%) on the basis of bank borrowing divided by equity attributable to equity holders of the parent.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 December 2005, the Group's outstanding issued shares were 985,050,000, which was the same as last year.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS/ACQUISITIONS AND PERFORMANCES

During the year, the Group had not made any significant investment or acquisition.

SEGMENTAL PERFORMANCES

Hong Kong region's turnover was HK\$86,190,000 (2004: HK\$75,924,000).

The China operations recorded a total turnover of HK\$145,303,000 (2004: HK\$89,587,000).

South East Asia region recorded a turnover of HK\$11,901,000 (2004: HK\$4,109,000).

EMPLOYEES

The total number of employees as at 31 December 2005 was 442 (beginning of 2005: 361), largely representing the need to staff up staff force for project delivery in 2005 and the professional service business for large scale development outsourcing.

EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group received renminbi from sales in China. The renminbi receipts, as usual, had been applied to internal use within China.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board and senior management are committed to the principles of Corporate Governance and have dedicated significant efforts to provide transparency, accountability and independence.

The Company has adopted the Code of Corporate Governance Practice and the Rules on Corporate Governance Report as set out in the GEM Listing Rules Appendix 15 and Appendix 16 with effective from the accounting periods from 1 January 2005, save as disclosed in the following exception:

Under the Code provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated.

The Company has achieved a high compliance level with the exception of the separation of Zee Chan Mei Chu, Peggy serving the dual role of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

This exception was discussed and the dual role was approved by the Board based on the following reasons:

- The Company size is relatively small and thus not justified in separating the role of chairman and chief executive officer.
- The Company has in place internal controls to provide check and balance on the functions.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company established an audit committee on 11 August 2000 with written terms of reference in accordance with Rule 5.28 to 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules. The audit committee comprises three members – Cheong Ying Chew, Henry, Chang Ka Mun and Wong Mee Chun, all of whom are independent non-executive directors. Cheong Ying Chew, Henry is the chairman of the audit committee. Its principal duties are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control procedures of the Group. The audit committee met on a quarterly basis during the year ended 31 December 2005.

The Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005 have been reviewed by the audit committee. The audit committee considered that the relevant financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the applicable accounting principles and requirements of the Stock Exchange, and disclosures have been fully made.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2005, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

BOARD PRACTICES AND PROCEDURES

The Company has complied with the board practices and procedures as set out in Rules 5.34 to 5.45 of the GEM Listing Rules of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited during the year ended 31 December 2005.

By Order of the Board

Zee Chan Mei Chu, Peggy

Chairman

The Board comprises of:

Zee Chan Mei Chu, Peggy (Executive Director)

Leung Lucy, Michele (Executive Director)

Fung Din Chung, Rickie (Executive Director)

Ng Wai King, Steve (Executive Director)

Ip Tak Chuen, Edmond (Non-executive Director)

Cheong Ying Chew, Henry (Independent non-executive Director)

Chang Ka Mun (Independent non-executive Director)

Wong Mee Chun (Independent non-executive Director)

Hong Kong, 29 March 2006

This announcement will remain on the "Latest Company Announcements" page of the GEM website for at least seven days from the date of its posting and on the website of the Company at www.excel.com.hk.